### K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES (Continued)

The cost of current leave privileges, computed in accordance with the GASB Codification Section C60, is recognized as a current-year expenditure in the Special Revenue Funds when leave is taken. The cost of leave privileges not requiring current resources is recorded in the general long-term debt account group.

### L. TOTAL COLUMN ON COMBINED STATEMENTS

Total Column on the Combined Statements is captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that it is presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in this column does not present financial position, results of operations, or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, nor is such data comparable to consolidation. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. EXPENDITURES EXCEEDING APPROPRIATIONS

The Probation Department have actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures as follows; however, it is not a violation of the Local Budget Act because the Act does not cover "judicial funds".

			VARIANCE
	REVISED		FAVORABLE
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	(UNFAVORABLE)
Special Revenue Fund			
June 30, 1995	\$167,150	\$205,876	\$(38,726)

### B. UNINSURED CASH

At June 30, the District Court had uninsured cash as follows:

	<u> 1996</u>	<u> 1995</u>
Special Revenue Fund	\$5,164	\$782

## PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

	BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:	*	***	
Charges For Services	\$167,150	\$231,619	\$64,469
Interest		13,504	13,504
TOTAL REVENUES	167,150	245,123	77,973
EXPENDITURES			
DISTRICT COURT			
Salaries	92,000	80,890	11,110
Fringe Benefits	20,200	14,582	5,618
Travel	3,000	3,818	(818)
Accounting	7,000	7,095	(95)
Computer Consultants	13,000	4,569	8,431
Insurance	10,950	7,007	3,943
Miscellaneous	2,300	231	2,069
Postage	1,200	930	270
Supplies	11,000	4,566	6,434
Repairs	500	3,858	(3,358)
Telephone	2,700	891	1,809
Capital Outlay	20,300	42,249	(21,949)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	184,150	170,686	13,464
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(17,000)	74,437	91,437
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	174,016	174,016	-0-
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	157,016	248,453	91,437

### Donald C. DeVille

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MEMBER
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- LOUISIANA SOCIETY CPAI

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE BASED ON AN AUDIT OF GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 1, 1996

To the Board of Directors New Roads, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court as of and for the years ended June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, and have issued my report thereon dated October 1, 1996.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

The management of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal accounting Control. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures. The objectives of an internal control structure are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

### Donald C. DeVille

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE BASED ON AN AUDIT OF GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 1, 1996

Honorable Jack Marionneaux Eighteenth Judicial District Court Plaquemine, Louisiana

I have audited the financial statements of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court as of and for the years ended June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, and have issued my report thereon dated October 1, 1996.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards issued by the U.S. General Accounting Office. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to the Eighteenth Judicial District Court is the responsibility of the organization's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements, I performed tests of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of my audit of the financial statements was not to provide an opinion on overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

The results of my tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported herein under Government Auditing Standards.

See Schedule of findings.

I considered the instance of noncompliance in forming my opinion on whether the Eighteenth Judicial District Court's general-purpose financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and this report does not affect my report dated October 1, 1996, on those general purpose financial statements.

This report is intended for the information of the management. However, this report is a matter of public record and distribution is not limited. Unde Delille

### SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

### NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN AND RETIREMENT COMMITMENTS

Substantially all of the full-time General Fund (Judicial Expense Fund) employees are members in the Louisiana State Employees Retirement System (LASERS). In addition to the employee contribution withheld at 7.5% of gross salary, the Judicial District contributes an additional 12.4% as of June 30, 1996, and 12.3% of gross salary as of June 30, 1995, to the LASERS system. Contributions to the system are funded through employee and employer contributions of \$4,140 and \$6,625, for June 30, 1996, and \$4,021 and \$6,723 for June 30, 1995, respectively. The total current year payroll of the agency (all types of wages) was \$158,457 for June 30, 1996, and \$151,346 for June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, respectively. Its current year payroll covered by the retirement system was \$55,205 for June 30, 1996, and \$53,618 for June 30, 1995. Under present statutes, the agency does not guarantee any of the benefits granted by the retirement system.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Louisiana State Employees' Retirement System P O Box 44213, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804, or by calling (504) 922-0600.

#### NOTE 9 - POST-RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The District Court does not offer any post-retirement benefits nor does it have any retired employees.

#### NOTE 10 - LITIGATION AND CLAIMS

There was no litigation pending against the Eighteenth Judicial District Court as of June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1994, nor is the District Court aware of any unasserted claims.

### NOTE 11 - EXPENDITURES OF THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT NOT INCLUDED IN THE ACCOMPANYING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying financial statements do not include certain salary or administrative expenditures for the district court paid out of the funds of the Iberville, Pointe Coupee and West Baton Rouge Parish Police Juries or directly by the state.

### PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 AND JUNE 30, 1995

### NOTE 6 - CHANGES IN FIXED ASSETS

A summary of changes in general fixed assets follows:

	BALANCE 7/1/95	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE 6/30/96
Equipment: Judicial Expense Fund Probation Fund	\$317,338 62,788	\$11,930 38,836	\$-0- -0-	\$329,268 101,624
Total	380,126	50,766	-0-	430,892
	BALANCE 7/1/94	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE 6/30/95
Equipment: Judicial Expense Fund Probation Fund	\$314,622 20,539	\$2,716 42,249	\$-0- -0-	\$317,338 62,788
			· • · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

#### NOTE 7 - LEASES

The Judicial Expense Fund does not record items under capital leases as assets and obligations in the accompanying financial statements. During the audit period the Judicial Expense Fund has operating leases of the following nature:

In October, 1992, the Judicial Expense Fund entered into an equipment lease for copiers and fax machines. The terms of this lease require monthly payments of \$872 for five years.

The following is a schedule by years of the future minimum rental payments as of June 30, 1996 and June 30, 1995 on leases:

1996	\$10,464
1997	3,488
	<del></del>
Total	13,952

### PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 AND JUNE 30, 1995

### NOTE 3 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At June 30, the District Court has cash and cash equivalents (book balances) totaling as follows:

	<u> 1996</u>	<u> 1995</u>
Demand Deposits Demand Deposits - Interest Bearing Money Market Savings Deposit	\$3,096 29,287 12,911	\$830 57,183 88,818
Total Cash	45,294	146,831
Investments - Time Deposits	376,515	260,783
Total	421,809	407,614

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits (or the resulting bank balances) must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent. These securities are held in the name of the pledging fiscal agent bank in a holding or custodial bank that is mutually acceptable to both parties. As of June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, the Judicial District Court has \$443,885 and \$442,038, respectively, in deposits (collected bank balances). These deposits are insured from risk by \$436,047 and \$441,256, respectively, of federal deposit insurance. \$5,164 as of June 30, 1996, and \$782 as of June 30, 1995 were not insured or pledged and are at risk of loss.

### E. BUDGETS

Louisiana Local Government Budget Act, LSA-R.S. 39:1301-15 requires all governmental entities with proposed expenditures of \$250,000 or more to prepare a comprehensive budget presenting a complete financial plan for the ensuing year, but ony insofar as judges judicial expense funds.

#### F. ENCUMBRANCES

The Judicial Expense Fund does not use the encumbrance method of accounting.

#### G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits and money market accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits with maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the Judicial District may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest bearing demand deposits, savings, money market accounts or time deposits with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

### H. INVESTMENTS

Investments include time deposits with maturities over 90 days.

#### I. INVENTORIES

Inventories in the governmental funds are considered immaterial and the expenditures are recognized when the items are purchased.

#### J. PREPAID ITEMS

Insurance and similar services which extend over more than one accounting period have been recognized as expenditures when paid.

### K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Judicial Expense Fund allows two weeks vacation for its secretary. The Probation Department allows 2-3 weeks for its employees. As of June 30, 1996, the employees of the Court have accumulated \$2,850 of unused vacation computed in accordance with GASB codification Section C60. Sick leave may be accumulated; however, unused sick leave is not paid at the time of separation, and therefore no accrual has been made.

#### ACCOUNT GROUPS:

An account group is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources. The following two account groups are not "funds".

GENERAL FIXED ASSETS - The fixed assets (capital outlays) used in governmental fund type operations of the Council are accounted for (capitalized) in the General Fixed Assets Account Group and are recorded as expenditures in the government fund types when purchased. Depreciation has not been provided on general fixed assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost. Donated fixed assets are stated at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. These assets were valued at \$5,587.

GENERAL LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - Long-term obligations expected to be financed form governmental funds are accounted for in the general long-term obligation account group. The general long-term obligations group shows only the measurement of financial position and is not involved with measurement of results of operations.

### D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "financial flow" measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheets. Operating statements of these funds represent increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental funds. The governmental funds use the following practices in recording revenues and expenditures:

#### Revenues

Court fees, filing fees and probation fees are recorded when earned and available. Interest income on time deposits are recorded when the deposits have matured and the interest is available.

### Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized when the goods or services are received.

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court for the years ended June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, I obtained an understanding of the internal control structure. With respect to the internal control structure, I obtained an understanding of the design of relevant policies and procedures and whether they have been placed in operation, and I assessed control risk in order to determine my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control structure. Accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

Because of inherent limitations in any system of internal accounting control, errors or irregularities may nevertheless occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the system to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the procedures may deteriorate.

I did not note any matters involving the internal control structure and its operation that I consider to be reportable conditions under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to my attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design of operation of the internal control structure that, in my judgement, could adversely affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements.

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relative low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

My consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses as defined above.

This report is intended for the information of the management. However, this report is a matter of public record and distribution is not limited.

Respectfully submitted,

Donal C. Dull.

### INTRODUCTION

The General Fund (Judicial Expense Fund) for the Eighteenth Judicial District Court was created by LSA-RS 13:991-996. In general, the creating statutes provide that the judges of the district may levy court costs for operations of the courts. The amount of the court cost to be levied in civil and criminal cases is determined by the majority of the judges in the district. The amount of cost levied cannot exceed the amount established by the creating statute. Court costs are normally collected by the clerk of court and the sheriff, remitted to the judges, and deposited to the judicial expense fund. Expenditures from the fund are determined by the majority of the judges. Expenditures normally include materials and supplies, law library and salaries of those individuals appointed by the judges. The judges may appoint law clerks, court reporters, secretaries, clerks, research clerks, administrative staff and other personnel as deemed necessary. The salaries of the judges cannot be paid from the judicial expense fund.

The Special Revenue Fund (Probation Fund) of the Eighteenth Judicial District was established in 1989 after the Louisiana Legislature decided in Code of Criminal Procedure Article 894 A(1) that the Department of Probation and Parole would no longer supervise probation in misdemeanor cases. Article 894 A(1) also authorized the Court to place the defendant on probation with a "probation office" designated by the Court upon such conditions as the Court may fix. The Probation Fund was established as the designated probation office. Article 895 1 (C) of the Code of Criminal Procedure provides for a monthly probation fee of \$20 to be paid to the agency providing supervision. The funds received by the Probation Fund are the \$20 per month supervision fee and as a condition fixed by the Court.

The Judicial District encompasses the parishes of Iberville, Pointe Coupee and West Baton Rouge, Louisiana. There are four judges who are independently elected by the people.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### A. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying financial statements of the Eighteenth Judicial Court have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

## PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

	BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:		•	
Intergovernmental	\$203,000	\$178,406	\$(24,594)
Interest	17,000	1,142	(15,858)
Miscellaneous Reimbursements	4,000	2,367	(1,633)
Loss on Sale of Investments	-0-	(7,288)	(7,288) 
TOTAL REVENUES	224,000	174,627	(49,373)
EXPENDITURES			
DISTRICT COURT	250 000	140 000	01 770
Salaries	170,000	148,228	21,772
Fringe Benefits	22,000	24,229	(2,229)
Travel	10,000	23,770	(13,770)
Accounting	16,000	7,165	8,835
Bank Charges	100	87	13
Computer Consultants	1,000	95	905
Equipment Rental	11,000	11,987	(987)
Insurance	200	-0 <del>-</del>	200
Miscellaneous	13,625	509	13,116 838
Postage	1,000	162	3,221
Supplies	8,000	4,779	880
Repairs	1,000	120	
Telephone	10,000	7,514 2,716	2,486 3,284
Capital Outlay	6,000		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	269,925	231,361	38,564
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(45,925)	(56,734)	(10,809)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	158,960	158,960	-0-
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	113,035	102,226	(10,809)

## PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
		•
•	•	\$79,869
-0-	21,782	21,782
167,150	268,801	101,651
•	•	5,096
•	•	2,585
•	•	(526)
•	•	(115)
4,500	•	
7,750	11,631	(3,881)
1,500	2,159	(659)
1,200	972	228
6,000	3,419	2,581
1,000	4,817	(3,817)
1,500	1,888	(388)
20,000	38,835	(18,835)
167,150	205,875	(38,725)
-0-	62,926	62,926
248,453	248,453	-0-
248,453	311,379	62,926
	\$167,150 -0- 167,150 92,000 21,200 3,500 7,000 4,500 7,750 1,500 1,000 1,000 1,500 20,000 -0- 248,453	\$167,150 \$247,019 -0- 21,782 167,150 268,801 92,000 86,904 21,200 18,615 3,500 4,026 7,000 7,115 4,500 25,494 7,750 11,631 1,500 2,159 1,200 972 6,000 3,419 1,000 4,817 1,500 1,888 20,000 38,835 167,150 205,875 -0- 62,926 248,453 248,453

## PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

	GOVERNA FUND I	TOTALS	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
REVENUES:	4 5 5 5 4 5 6	^	6170 406
Intergovernmental	\$178,406	-0-	\$178,406
Charges For Services	-0-	\$231,619	231,619
Interest	1,142	13,504	14,646
Miscellaneous Reimbursements	2,367	-0-	2,367
Loss on Sale of Investments	(7,288)	-0-	(7,288) ————
TOTAL REVENUES	174,627	245,123	419,750
EXPENDITURES			
DISTRICT COURT		00 000	222 110
Salaries	148,228	80,890	229,118
Fringe Benefits	24,229	14,582	38,811
Travel	23,770	3,818	27,588 14,260
Accounting	7,165	7,095	87
Bank Charges	87	-0 <del>-</del>	4,664
Computer Consultants	95	4,569 -0-	11,987
Equipment Rental	11,987	_	7,007
Insurance	-0- 500	7,007 231	7,007
Miscellaneous	509	930	1,092
Postage	162	4,566	9,345
Supplies	4,779	3,858	3,978
Repairs	120 7 514	891	8,405
Telephone	7,514 2,716	42,249	44,965
Capital Outlay	2,710		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	231,361	170,686	402,047
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	(5.5. 5.0.4)	74477	17 702
OVER EXPENDITURES	(56,734)	74,437	17,703
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING, JULY 1	158,960	174,016	332,976
FUND BALANCE, ENDING JUNE 30	102,226	248,453	350,679

### PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	GOVERN FUND	TOTALS	
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
REVENUES:	GENERAL	KEAFROE	ONDIT
Intergovernmental	\$180,313	-0-	\$180,313
Charges For Services	-0-	\$247,019	247,019
Interest	1,545	21,782	23,327
Reimbursements	6,317	-0-	6,317
TOTAL REVENUES	188,175	268,801	456,976
EXPENDITURES			<del></del>
DISTRICT COURT			
Salaries	158,458	86,904	245,362
Fringe Benefits	25,185	18,615	43,800
Travel	27,153	4,026	31,179
Accounting	3,985	7,115	11,100
Bank Charges	79	-0-	79
Computer Consultants	6,341	25,494	31,835
Equipment Rental	9,400	-0-	9,400
Insurance	-0-	11,631	11,631
Miscellaneous	1,421	2,159	3,580
Postage	117	972	1,089
Supplies	6,700	3,419	10,119
Repairs	458	4,817	5,275
Telephone	7,519	1,888	9,407
Capital Outlay	15,222	38,835	54,057
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	262,038	205,875	467,913
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES	/n ·		,
OVER EXPENDITURES	(73,863)	62,926	(10,937)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING, JULY 1	102,226	248,453	350,679
FUND BALANCE, ENDING JUNE 30	28,363	311,379	339,742

### EIGHTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1995

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES		ACCOUNT C	ROUPS LONG	TOTALS
	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	FIXED AGENCY		(MEMORANDUM ONLY)
ASSETS			•		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments-Time Deposits Receivables:	\$89,649 -0-	\$57,182 260,783	-0- -0-	-0-	\$146,831 260,783
Intergovernmental Interest Receivable	15,570 -0-	-0- 5,607	-0~ -0~	-0-	15,570 5,607
Due From Other Funds Equipment	3,250 -0-	-0-	-0- \$380,126	-0-	3,250 380,126
TOTAL ASSETS	108,469	323,572	380,126	-0-	812,167
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUIT	<u>ry</u>				
LIABILITIES:					
Payables:	\$1,499	\$3,495	-0-	-0-	\$4,994
Accounts Employee Withholding	4,744	226	-0-	-0-	4,970
Due To Other Funds	-0-	3,250	-0-	-0-	3,250
Accrued Wages	-0-	1,858	-0-	-0-	1,858
Escrow Payable	-0-	66,290	-0-	-0-	66,290
TOTAL LIABILITIES	6,243	75,119	-0-	-0-	81,362
FUND EQUITY: Investment in					
General Fixed Assets Fund Balance	-0-	-0-	\$380,126	-0-	380,126
Unreserved-Undesignated	102,226	248,453	-0-	-0-	350,679
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	102,226	248,453	380,126	-0-	730,805
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	108,469	323,572	380,126	-0-	812,167

### PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA COMBINED BALANCE SHEET-ALL FUND TYPES AND ACCOUNT GROUPS JUNE 30, 1996

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES				ACCOUNT GENERAL	GROUPS LONG	TOTALS
ASSETS	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE	FIXED		(MEMORANDUM ONLY)		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments-Time Deposits Receivables:	\$16,007 -0-	\$29,287 376,515	-o-	-0-	• •		
Intergovernmental Accrued Interest Due From Other Funds	14,469 -0- 3,250	-0- 9,770 -0-	-0- -0-	-0-	9,770		
Equipment Amount To Be Provided To Retire Vacations Due	-0-	-0-	\$430,892 -0-	-0- \$2,850			
TOTAL ASSETS	33,726	415,572	430,892	2,850	883,040		
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUI	<u>ry</u>	•					
<u>LIABILITIES:</u> Payables:	** ** **	420 025	^	0	<b>611</b> 060		
Accounts Employee Withholding	\$1,651 3,712	\$10,217	-0- -0-	-0- -0-	3,979		
Due To Other Funds Accrued Wages Accrued Vacations	-0- -0-	3,250 1,925 -0-	-0- -0-	-0- \$2,850	1,925		
Escrow	-0-	88,534	-0-	-0-	<b>-</b>		
TOTAL LIABILITIES	5,363	104,193	-0-	2,850	112,406		
FUND EQUITY: Investment in General Fixed Assets Fund Balance	-0-	-0-	\$430,892	-0-	430,892		
Unreserved-Undesignated	28,363	311,379	-0-	-0-	339,742		
TOTAL FUND EQUITY	28,363	311,379	430,892	-0-	770,634		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY	33,726	415,572	430,892	2,850	883,040		

### Donald C. DeVille

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MEMBER

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LOUISIANA SOCIETY CPA:

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

October 1, 1996

Honorable Jack Marionneaux Eighteenth Judicial District Court Plaguemine, Louisiana

I have audited the accompanying general purpose financial statements of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court as of June 30, 1996 and June 30, 1995, and for the fiscal years then ended. These general purpose financial statements are the responsibility of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion of these general purpose financial statements based on my audit.

I conducted my audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and the standards for financial audits contained in the <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the United States General Accounting Office. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the general purpose financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the general purpose financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audit provided a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the general purpose financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Eighteenth Judicial District Court as of June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, and the results of its operations for the fiscal years then ended in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated October 1, 1996, on our consideration of West Feliciana Council on Aging's internal control structure and a report dated October 1, 1996, on its compliance with laws and regulations.

Nmell C. De Ville

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PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the audited, or reviewed, entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court

Release Date JAN 08 1997

### PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 AND JUNE 30, 1995

### NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

A. A Summary of Receivables as of June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995, are as follows:

CLASS OF RECEIVABLE	<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>
Intergovernmental		
Sheriff of West Baton Rouge Parish	\$1,845	\$4,027
Sheriff of Iberville Parish	4,025	6,139
Sheriff of Pointe Coupee Parish	4,553	1,400
West Baton Rouge Clerk of Court	990	-0-
Iberville Police Jury	556	1,404
Iberville Parish Clerk of Court	1,320	1,470
Pointe Coupee Parish Clerk of Court	1,155	1,080
Louisiana Department of Public Safety	25	50
Total	14,469	15,570

Accounts receivable are written-off under the direct write-off method whereby bad debts are recorded when a receivable is deemed uncollectible. If they are subsequently collected they are recorded as miscellaneous income.

The direct charge-off method is not a material departure from GAAP as it approximates the valuation method.

### B. Due To/From Other Funds

The following is a summary of Due To/From Other Funds as of June 30, 1996, and June 30, 1995:

RECEIVABLE FUND	PAYABLE FUND	AMOUNT	
General Fund	Special Revenue	\$3,250	
(Judicial Expense)	(Probation Fund)		

### B. PRINCIPLES DETERMINING SCOPE OF REPORTING ENTITY

For financial reporting purposes, in conformance with GASB Codification Section 2100, the District Court includes all funds, account groups, activities, et cetera, that are controlled by the District Judges as independently elected officials. As independently elected officials, the district judges are solely responsible for the operations of the district court, which include hiring and retention of employees, authority over budgeting, responsibility for deficits, and receipts and disbursement of funds. Other than certain operating expenditures of the office that are paid by the State of Louisiana and the parish police juries are required by Louisiana Law, the district court is financially independent. Accordingly, the district court is a separate governmental reporting entity.

#### C. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District Court are organized on the basis of funds and account groups, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into two generic fund types and two broad fund categories as follows:

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for all or most of the District Court's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental funds include:

General Fund - the general operating fund of the Judicial District accounts for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

# EIGHTEENTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT PARISHES OF IBERVILLE, POINTE COUPEE AND WEST BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 1996

	BUDGET	<u>ACTUAL</u>	VARIANCE FAVORABLE (UNFAVORABLE)
REVENUES:		•	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
Intergovernmental	\$203,000	\$180,313	\$(22,687)
Interest	17,000	1,545	(15,455)
Miscellaneous Reimbursements	4,000	6,317	2,317
TOTAL REVENUES	224,000	188,175	(35,825)
EXPENDITURES			
DISTRICT COURT	170 000	150 450	12 542
Salaries	172,000	158,458	13,542
Fringe Benefits	22,000	25,185	(3,185)
Travel	10,000	27,153	(17,153)
Accounting	16,000	3,985	12,015 21
Bank Charges	100	79	
Computer Consultants	2,000	6,341	(4,341) 600
Equipment Rental	10,000	9,400	200
Insurance	200	1 101	
Miscellaneous	11,625	1,421 117	10,204 883
Postage	1,000	6,700	1,300
Supplies	8,000	458	542
Repairs	1,000		2,481
Telephone	10,000 6,000	7,519 15,222	(9,221)
Capital Outlay			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	269,925	262,038	7,888
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(45,925)	(73,863)	(27,937)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1	102,225	102,226	-0-
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30	56,300	28,363	(27,937)